Poffenberger, Samuel, House Antietam National Battlefield Sharpsburg Vicinity Washington County Maryland

> HABS MD, 22-SHARP.Y, 20-

PHOTOGRAPHS

WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

Historic American Buildings Survey
National Park Service
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HABS MD, 22-5HARP,

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY

POFFENBERGER, SAMUEL, HOUSE HABS NO. MD-1100

Location:

Antietam National Battlefield Park, Smoketown Rd South of Mansfield Road, Sharpsburg Vicinity, Washington County, Maryland

Significance:

The Samuel Poffenberger house is significant both architecturally and as related to the Civil War Battle of Antietam Creek.

Description:

This stone farmhouse is a two and one-half-story, five-bay building with a one and one-half-story stone wing built over a spring. Attached at a right angle to the west end wall is a late 19th century two-story brick addition. The main block faces south and is constructed of coursed local limestone with flat arches of angle cut chiseled stone above the openings. Windows are placed at regular intervals in the front and east end walls. The main entrance is located in the center bay of the front elevation and is sheltered by a typical Greek Revival porch. Large stone interior chimneys with corbels at their tops are located inside both gable ends. A two-story porch extends along a portion of the smaller stone wing.

History:

According to the Maryland Historical Trust, this house is an excellent example of ca. 1800 stone construction indigenous to the Cumberland valley. The property was owned by John Miller during the late eighteenth century. In 1821, John Miller's heirs sold this part of the property to Abraham Miller. After traveling through several hands it was acquired by Samuel Poffenberger in 1860s. It has remained in the Poffenberger family virtually uninterruptedly since that time.

Although it has long been asserted that the Samuel Poffenberger barn was used as a hospital during and after the Civil War Battle of Antietam Creek, recent writings have claimed more specifically that this house was the site of Clara Barton's medical work during the Battle. Antietam National Battlefield Historian James Atkinson made this assertion based on, among other things, Barton's description of the spring over which the house was built.

Sources:

Antietam National Battlefield Site, National Register of

Historic Places nomination form, October 2, 1981.

Historian:

Martha Wagner

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